INTERREG IVC

Priority 2: Environment and risk prevention Sub-Theme: Energy and sustainable transport







CycleCities overview



CYCLECITIES is an INTERREG IVC Project

of 36 months duration (Start Date: 01/01/2012 End Date: 31/12/2014)









European cities for integrating cycling within sustainable mobility management schemes





The Project motivation



 ✓ Almost half of all car trips in Europe are less than 5km (suitable for bicycles)

- ✓ Cities play a dynamic role in policy making
- ✓Cycling needs support to become "mainstream"

✓ Sustainable mobility plans should include as much cycling as possible





CycleCities Objectives

The project, aims to:



- Exchange experiences and to transfer good practices on mobility management and cycling
- Explore & build consensus on policies, contributing to sustainable European mobility management schemes
- Develop knowledge outcomes establishing a European, multilingual, freely-accessible knowledge and experience base
- Disseminate the field experiences, the good practices and Project results & to enhance awareness on the integration of cycling in cities' mobility management schemes

Better planning better decisions better results better cities quality of life





The CycleCities Consortium

Municipalities, 2 Agencies, 1 University, 7 countries) (5



- GREECE **MUNICIPALITY OF PIRAEUS**
- **PP2 London Borough of Merton**
- **PP3 Municipality of Genoa**
- **PP4** Lisbon Municipality
- PP5 The City of Gdańsk
- PP6 BSC→Business Support Centre
- PP7 Leipzig Regional Development Agency
- PP8 NTUA

 National Technical University of Athens





GREECE



ENGLAND ITALY

- PORTUGAL
- POLAND

CycleCities Budget data

- LP PIRAEUS 283,700.80
- PP2 MERTON
- PP3 GENOA
- PP4 LISBON
- PP5 GDANSK
- PP6 BSC
- PP7 LEIPZIG
- PP8 NTUA
 - **TOTAL**

- 254,517.40 176,343.04 150,995.80
- 150,995.80
- 114,476.40
- 248,485.40
- 120,506.12
- 250,834.52
- 1,599,859.48



81,55% ERDF Funds

18,45% National Funds





CycleCities overview - 4 Components



- C0: Preparation activities (BSC)
- C1 Management and coordination (Piraeus)
- C2: Communication and dissemination (Lisbon)
- C3: Experience exchange/Good practices (BSC)
- C4: Strategies & tools for re-orienting policies (NTUA)





C1: Management and coordination (Piraeus)



Administrative and financial management of the project / coordination of the partnership / Quality Management

Administrative structures:

- 1 Steering Committee
- 1 Project Coordinator (LP)
- 1 Financial Manager





Organization chart









C1: Management and coordination (Piraeus)

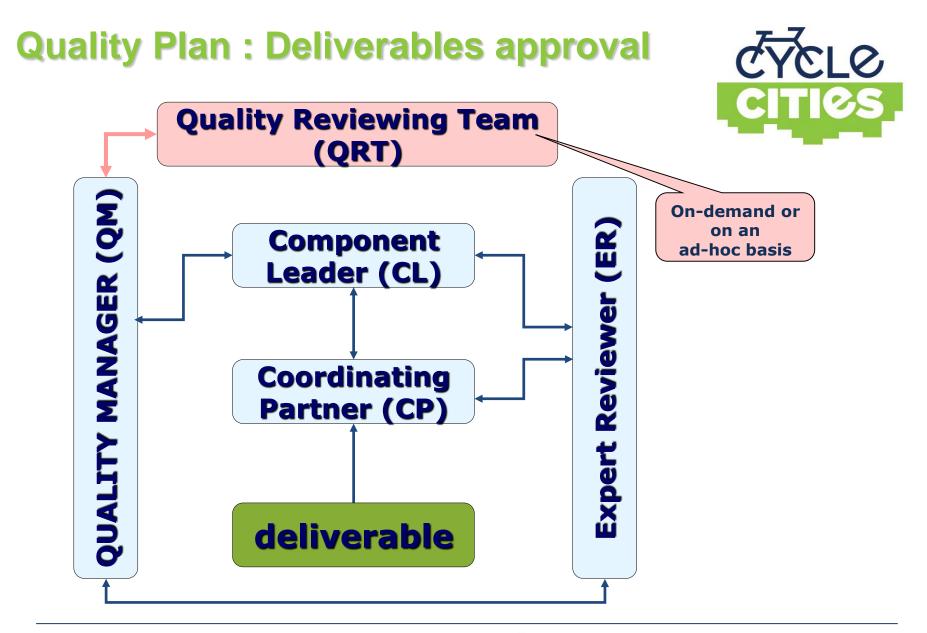


Quality Management actions:

- Standardization of project documentation (templates, layout, coding, etc.)
- Definition of responsibilities between the partners and efficient use of their expertise
- Overseeing methodological trends and issues related to the topics of the project
- Implementation of a consistent risk management methodology
- Coordination of knowledge management and exchange of experiences related activities











C1: Management and coordination (Piraeus)



Financial management

- Monitoring of all partners on effective resource usage
- Check of cost claims
- Reception and transferring of payments
- Collection of financial reports and preparation and submission of Project Reports (every 6 months)





C1: Management and coordination (Piraeus)









0,

C2: Communication & Dissemination (Lisbon)



Basic target groups:

- Decision / Policy makers
- Stakeholders / private sector
- Engineers / related professionals
- General Public





C2: Communication & Dissemination (Lisbon)

Identification of the Project and events:

- The Project logo & graphic identity
- 2 Brochures
- 1 Power Point Presentation
- 6 Press Releases
- 6 E-Newsletters
- 10 dissemination events (3 conferences and 7 fora)
- Participation at 16 third party events







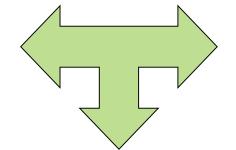


C3: Experience exchange / Good practices (BSC)



Three pilars:

Collection of good practices



Interregional events

Regional Implementation plans for cycling integration into sustainable mobility management

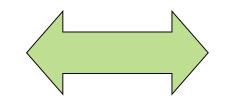






Two pilars:

State-of-art analysis



Strategies and tools for re-orienting mobility management policies









- integrate cycling in cities' policies and planning
- cycling is not to be considered a "nice" or "special add-on" mobility solution
- cycling is a basic element of the cities character and function.





Available tools \rightarrow communication



- www.cyclecities.eu
- Facebook page & Twitter account
- YouTube channel account
- 4 Interactive Humoristic cartoons for different target groups
- 1 "City Planners" board game and
- 1 "Management Game" for promoting policy exchanges
- 1 on-line Knowledge Management Platform
- 1 on-line observatory for mobility management policies related to cycling

Policy makers, Planners, Public





Available tools



Good practice guides on:

- Iand use planning which affect/ promote cycling,
- cities' mobility management strategies,
- citizens' participation practices and
- architectural design of cycling infrastructure
- Studies, reports and policy tools on:
 - Cycling infrastructures
 - Bike-sharing systems
 - Environmental & economic gains & costs on cycling investments
- Used for 7 regional implementation plans
- Used by all municipalities aiming to introduce/ enhance cycling









- Ljubljana, June 3
- Gdansk, September 2014
- Piraeus, November 2014



